

**Statement
made In Regard to
Number of "Fares"**

In yesterday's issue of the Register and Bee in the account of the election of officers of the Danville Traction and Power Co., there appeared a statement to the effect that the report of the Vice President "Indicated the falling off in number of passengers carried since the 6 cent fare was adopted."

One of the officers of the company has called attention to the fact that this statement is incorrect.

According to this official, the 6 cent fare was granted in July, 1920 and the first nine months thereafter showed an increase each month over the corresponding month of the preceding year.

The report of the Vice President showed that during the first three months of 1921 there was an increase in number of passengers carried as compared with the same three months in 1920, but that during the last nine months of 1921 there was a decrease in the number of passengers carried as compared with the same period of 1920. However, during six of these months of 1920 the 6 cent fare was in effect.

This official stated that experience has shown business conditions affect considerably the travel on the street cars. When business is brisk in other lines, travel is very much heavier than when business is dull. The falling off in travel during the last months of 1921 is attributable to the adverse business conditions existing during these months.

According to this same official, the Street Car Company was at a heavy expense during 1921 for the renewal of ties and repairing streets. For instance, one-half of the entire cost of the smooth paving on Main street between the Municipal building and Mount Vernon church was borne by the Street Car company, and in addition to this the company was at the expense of new ties on this section of its track, and will be at the additional expense of the coming spring of leveling up that part of the pavement on Main street between its tracks, which has gotten in bad condition on account of the settling of the base of the pavement between its ties.

The Street Car company had also to pay its part of re-surfacing North Main street, Holbrook Avenue, West Main street from Main street to the turnpike, also its part of the concrete paving on South Main street.

The Wednesday Club will meet to-day in the Memorial Mansion at 7:30 o'clock to hear an address by John Thomas Watson on "Venezuela and the French Situation." There will be a report by the housing committee on the address.

Wilhelm, white German emperor, 1873-1918 and other residences.

Lazy People, Lazy Days. Don't neglect constitution. It underlines the health, takes all vim out of you. Dr. King's Pills will invigorate the system, stir up the liver, move the bowels. All druggists, 25c.

PROMPT PAYMENT GUARANTEED

Dr. King's Pills

Dr. King's Pills</p

Agricultural "Bloc"

Wants Salaries Cut

RICHMOND, Jan. 24.—The agricultural conference, or bloc, of the general assembly in session tonight, adopted resolutions opposing "as a general rule," any increase in salaries and favoring reductions where it can be accomplished without injustice to officers or employees. Reference was to the officers of the state, but a proposal to advance the total abolition of the fee system was rejected.

M. Brad Beverly of Fauquier is chairman of the bloc; J. M. Hurt of Nottoway, is vice-chairman, and W. J. Story, of Southampton, is secretary. The central committee is composed of the officers and of Senators Hening, of Chesterfield, and Gravatt, of Carolina, and Delegates Gibson, of Culpeper, Ozlin, of Louisa, and Hill, of Scott. Two others are to be chosen. There are now 33 members of the bloc.

The Shakespeare Study Club will meet tomorrow (Thursday) afternoon with Mrs. J. L. Bagby, on Sutherland Avenue.

THE TIME
TO TAKE
PEPTO-MANGAN

When You Feel a Little "Off"
It Will Bring You Back
to Health

"Some people never need any medicine at all. They are, as the saying goes, 'strong as a bull.' They are mighty lucky. Most people need a good tonic once in a while. They take cold, or through overwork or social activity do not get enough sleep; many eat improper food and thus hurt the digestion. It is mighty wise to take a little Pepto-Mangan with the meals for a few weeks and build up. One cannot have too much good health. Pepto-Mangan gives you plenty of red blood, and everybody knows that red blood means feeling good and looking good all the time. Sold by druggists in liquid and tablet form—adv.



Rings She'll Like

Here you will find the newest and most artistic designs and finest gems in attractive variety.

In making a selection from our stock you are assured of quality and value.

P. P. BOOTH CO.
328 Main St.

PATTERSON'S
Sale of Stationery
1-2 PRICE

We are selling all stationery left over from the holidays at one-half price.

The majority of this paper is in perfect condition and includes Cranes' Linen Lawn, Highland Linen and many other excellent quality boxes in white and also tints.

This is your opportunity to get a supply of good stationery at a wonderful saving.

SPECIAL
THURSDAY, FRIDAY AND
SATURDAY ONLY

Marguerite Gold Edge Playing
Cards

(Bridge Size)

A Regular 75c Value
50c Per Pack

Patterson Drug Co.

Phones 936 and 9164

Between Burton Hotel and Postoffice

Garland Has New
Free Love Gospel

Young Millionaire Willing
to Be "Shared" by Other
Woman. But His Wife
Objects.

NEW BEDFORD, Jan. 24.—Mrs. Charles Garland left her idealistic husband, whom she once so stoutly championed, because she found the idea of sharing him with another woman "abhorrent."

The quoted word is Garland's. The third woman is Miss Doris Benson, who may purchase a farm near Garland's and come to "work on her problems" practically side by side with him.

Miss Benson, now a student at the Massachusetts Agricultural College, was formerly a ward of Garland's mother on her estate at Bayards Buzzards Bay.

Garland said that both Miss Benson and Miss Conrad come to April Farm, as his North Carver place is called, and stayed with him for a day or more at a time. With Miss Benson his relations have been purely friendly. Both girls spent the night under his roof, sometimes together, sometimes separately.

Asked whether Miss Conrad is now Garland said that he honestly didn't know where she went when she recently left her last known address, No. 15 St. Charles street, Boston, and would not know until she wrote to him. He said:

"Miss Conrad and I hope to live together for an indefinite time."

"Suppose you should cease to love Miss Conrad as you have ceased to love your wife, would you continue to live with her?" he was asked.

"If living with her meant being alive than under other conditions, I would not live with her," was the answer.

Garland disclaimed any responsibility for what might be Miss Conrad's fate if he should tire of her after an idyllic period of mutual companionship. He said he believed that men and women were equal when it came to meeting difficulties and bearing burdens. It was not his business to take her responsibilities upon his shoulders.

He does not venture to say she will be his only love. In fact, there is another young woman's name in the story already.

He sees no prospect of a reconciliation with his wife through his love for their baby Margaret or through the approaching advent of another baby.

He admits that the law may intervene to prevent him from living with Miss Conrad or to punish them and asserts he is ready to face the contingency if it arises.

Garland explained in detail his future attitude toward his children. He proposes to manifest always a father's interest in and affection for them. But he would not consider living with his wife for their sake. His companionship could not compensate them, he says, for living in a home where there would be no love and harmony.

Garland stands for what is popularly known as "free love." His ideas about love and relations between the sexes have no connection with the vague, idealistic notions which prompted him to refuse his legacy of \$1,600,000 and later to claim it with the avowed intention of distributing it for the benefit of humanity.

The only responsibility that he

recognizes is the responsibility which he says, a man owes to himself, of self-development and self-expression. His idea of self-development is to do what he wants to do regardless of conventions or consequences. These impressions are not inferences, but statements of thoughts put into words by Garland himself.

The personality of a third young woman enters into the strange tangle which Garland is weaving about himself. The third woman is Miss Doris Benson, who may purchase a farm near Garland's and come to "work on her problems" practically side by side with him.

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ORDER REJECTION OF ALL RAILROAD SHOP RULES NOW

Committee in Circular to
Workers Instructs Insti-
tution of New Disputes

CHICAGO, Jan. 24.—(By the Associated Press)—Rejection of all railroad shop rules recently promulgated by the United States railroad labor board, which cut time and one-half pay for extra work from the shopmen's wages was ordered today by the committee of 100, acting for the six railway shop crafts.

In a circular issued to the 500,000 shop workers in the country, the committee ordered new disputes instituted with the railway management immediately over these rules, and failing an agreement, the disputes were ordered taken to the labor board for hearing. The circular was signed by the international president of the six shopmen's unions.

Of the seven rejected rules, the greatest dissatisfaction centered on rule 6, providing straight time for regularly assigned work on Sundays and holidays. This was previously paid for at time and one-half. The committee proposed a substitute rule reinstating time and one-half.

The board's new rules covering employees assigned to emergency work and to fill temporary vacancies at outlying points were also rejected by the committee. These rules took away certain pay provisions contained in the old national agreement made during federal control. Under rule 19, emergency employees are paid for time worked in accordance with the practice at the home station and straight time for all time waiting or traveling.

The union committee directed institution of a dispute to reinstate time and one-half and double time to cover all time spent on the emergency assignment, whether working, waiting or traveling.

Similar provisions will be asked to be created over rules 12 and 14, applying to men assigned to temporary vacancies at outlying points and to men on road-work who leave and return to their home stations daily.

The board's new rule allowing the carriers to require a physical examination for all applications for employment was also remanded to the system of federations, to be negotiated with the individual roads. The committee directed that the dispute be instituted to have this rule modified "in the interests of the employees."

Another important rule by which the board made it possible for the roads to hire any man familiar with the use of tools as a car repairer came under fire by the committee. A new rule was proposed over which the committee agreed to open negotiations. The proposed rule would allow helpers and helpers-apprentices with less than four years' experience to be advanced to mechanic's grade and more men are needed, men with experience in the use of mechanic's tools to be hired. This would result in the hiring of any carpenter who did not have mechanical experience.

Fourteen other rules were accepted, subject to the interpretation of the committees, placed upon the roads and the remaining rules were agreed to.

Some revision of a certain of the over-time rules was said to be likely as they were found to permit of different interpretations as they stand at present. Railroad officials, however, declared there was little likelihood of reinstating any of time and one-half provisions wiped out by the

Piles

are usually due to straining when constipated.

Nujol being a lubricant keeps the food waste soft and therefore prevents straining. Doctors prescribe Nujol because it not only soothes the suffering of piles but relieves the irritation, brings comfort and helps to remove them.

Nujol is a lubricant—not a medicine or laxative—so cannot grip. Try it today.

Nujol

Treasury Still Opposes Bonus

WASHINGTON, Jan. 24.—Treasury opposition to a soldiers' bonus remains unchanged, but if there is to be a bonus it must be provided through taxation in addition to taxes imposed by existing law, Secretary Mellon said tonight in a letter to Chairman Fordney of the House ways and means committee. Any attempt to provide for the bonus through the use of principal or interest of the foreign debt to this country, he contended "would be futile, as well as unwise."

Mr. Mellon's letter was in response to a request from Mr. Fordney for an expression of the views of the secretary and the treasury department on the government financial outlook for the coming year and a half and for suggestions as to legislation.

Submitting detailed estimates of government receipts and expenditures for the fiscal years 1922 and 1923 and the treasury plan for refunding the short dated debt, Mr. Mellon declared no allowance has been made for any extra-ordinary expenditures for a soldiers' bonus, which would cost, on the most conservative estimates, he said, probably not less than \$350,000,000, in the first two years.

"The figures," he contended, "show that there will be no available surplus but more probably a deficit, and that with the enormous refunding operations which the treasury has to conduct it would be dangerous in the extreme to attempt to finance the expenditures involved in the bonus through new borrowings. The position of the treasury remains unchanged, but if there is to be a soldiers' bonus, it is clear that it must be provided for through taxation, and through taxation in addition to the taxes imposed by existing law."

On the other hand, no indirect means of financing the bonus would make it any less an expense to be borne in the long run by the taxpayer. Mr. Mellon declared taking up the proposal to use the foreign debt as a basis for bonus payments.

It is impossible, he maintained, in advance of funding arrangements to estimate what may be collected on the foreign debt in the near future, by way of principal or interest. The obligations, which are in the form of demand obligations, are not, he asserted, in shape to sell to the public, while to offer them with the guarantee of the treasury's refunding operation and prove more expensive than the sale of direct obligations of the government.

"At the same time," he added, "it would enormously complicate the international situation and certainly embarrass the funding negotiations." It would accomplish nothing, Mr. Mellon argued, to set aside the foreign debt for the payment of the bonus, even if enough could be realized in time.

Discussing the financial outlook of the government, Mr. Mellon presented detailed figures covering budget estimates which, he said, indicated a deficit of over \$24,000,000 for 1922, and a deficit of over \$187,000,000 for 1923. Not allowing for \$50,000,000 requested by the shipping board for the payment of claims, \$7,000,000 to be spent for Russian relief by the United States Grain corporation and \$6,000,000 to be paid as the 1923 installments under the treaty with Columbia, a total of \$112,000,000.

To overcome these deficits, he explained, expenditures must be reduced in the aggregate by about \$400,000,000 in the next two years, while at the same time the government faces a heavy shrinkage of receipts. In view of the depression in business, he added, there is grave doubt whether the estimates of receipts which appear in the budget can be realized.

The overshadowing problem of the treasury, Mr. Mellon declared, was in the handling of the public debt, amounting at the end of the past year to \$93,438,984,351 of which \$5,500,000 falls due within the next 18 months. The refunding of this vast maturity, he asserted, would require the treasury's constant attention from now on.

How much additional taxation would be necessary to pay a soldiers' bonus, Mr. Mellon declared, would be difficult to estimate but on the basis of the McCumber bill it would appear that the total cost would be about \$3,330,000,000, of which at least \$850,000,000 would fall due in the first two years of operation and possibly as high as \$1,000,000,000 if an unexpectedly large number of veterans should choose cash. The minimum cost he placed at about \$1,660,000,000 based on cash payments and the maximum cost at about \$5,250,000, if all the veterans should take certificates in lieu of cash.

"Moonshine" Gold Search Is Ended

BERLIN, Jan. 24.—(By the Associated Press)—The search of Professor Irving Fisher, of Yale University, abrupt end today, when he was said for "moonshine" gold came to an end by an unidentified scientist that the German who had claimed the discovery of a synthetic gold

Stops Traffic



State Closes Case In Arbuckle Trial

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 24.—The prosecution closed today in the second trial of a manslaughter charge against Roscoe C. Arbuckle, reserving the right to examine witnesses in impeachment of one of its principal witnesses, Zey Prevost, a show girl.

The prosecution charged that Miss Prevost made statements in her testimony which conflicted with testimony previously taken from her under oath.

Adolph Juel and Milton Caviston, fingerprint experts, were called by the defense in an attempt to refute evidence offered by E. O. Hinrich, a similar expert.

Hinrich testified that fingerprints found on door of Arbuckle's room in the Hotel St. Francis were those of Arbuckle and Miss Rappe, whose death was made the basis of the charge against Arbuckle.

Carlson testified that fingerprints can be forged beyond the possibility of detection by a layman. He said that the prints on the door did not compare with those of Arbuckle and Miss Rappe.

Juel testified that he could find no positive comparison between the police fingerprints of Arbuckle and Miss Rappe and those on a door.

The prosecution contends that the fingerprints were made by Arbuckle and Miss Rappe while she was trying to escape from the room on the occasion of a party during which he is alleged to have been injured her.

Under cross-examination Juel said, "I will not say that the prints on the door are those of Arbuckle and Miss Rappe." He said also that the prints appeared to be those of a man and a woman.

CONTRACT FOR HOSPITAL

CHARLOTTE, Jan. 24.—Contracts for the construction of three build-

ings, totalling \$103,000 was awarded here today by the building committee of the State hospital for the insane, at Morganton, the successful bidder being a Charlotte contractor.

HAMMERSTEIN'S DAUGHTERS WIN FIRST FIGHT IN CASE

NEW YORK, Jan. 24.—Stelle H. Keating and Rose Tostevin, daughters of the late Oscar Hammerstein, today won their court fight to oust their step-mother, Mrs. Emma Hammerstein, from the living quarters she occupied in the Manhattan Opera House.

Supreme Court Justice Alonso G.inkley granted the petition of the younger women and issued a writ of assistance, empowering the sheriff to eject Mrs. Hammerstein. Her occupancy was held to obstruct consummation of the lease to the Chicago Opera company, which is now in possession of the theatre. Hammerstein's daughters recently bought the property at a sheriff's sale.

CARDU

The Woman's Tonic

33 1-3% DISCOUNT ON

Sterling Silver Flatware

Only One More Week

Hodnett & Speer Co.

552 Main Street

THERE IS JUST ONE
BETTER WAY THAN
TO "SAY IT WITH
FLOWERS" AND THAT
IS TO

SAY IT WITH

DANVILLE FLOWER CO
100 E. Main Street, Room 101, Lexington 5-4246



A Dollar Goes a Long Way

JANUARY SALE

Of Suits, Overcoats, Hats and Furnishings

Waiting time turns into buying time; the past becomes the present and the good old times step forward with these times as we announce the GREATEST of all Sales held by this store. For every man, and young man this is welcome news. Here is merchandise better than ever—at prices less than you use to pay.

Every Suit and Overcoat In Our Stock That
Bears the Felder-Briggs Co's Label We Have
Placed on Sale at 40 Per Cent Discount

These Suits and Overcoats were marked down when we purchased their stock recently from 33 1-3 to 50 per cent. This means a saving to you of from 75 to 90 per cent. off the original price. Suits and Overcoats purchased by us since that time are on SALE at 33 1-3 per cent. reduction.

All Hats at 33 1-3 Per Cent. Discount.

All Raincoats at 33 1-3 Per Cent. Discount

This does not include Gabardines or Cravettes.

All Furnishing Goods At 25 Per Cent. Reduction.

With the exception of Collars, Hosiery, and Summer Underwear.

These Suits and Overcoats represent the very highest quality merchandise that can be had such as HICKORY-FISHERMAN and MICHAELIS-STEIN. We advise you to make your selection while the stock is most complete.

GET YOURS TODAY

Rich-Moore
INC.
PAY CASH CASH PAYS

DANVILLE, VIRGINIA

To Put on Good Firm Flesh and Round Out Your Face and Figure

Get a FREE \$1.00 Package of Genuine Yeast Vitamine
Tablets Today as Explained Below—Try Them for
Ten Days and Watch the Results

Science has at last shown how we sometimes grow weak, thin, and emaciated on an abundance of food (lacking in vitamins) while with a much smaller amount of food, rich in vitamins, we may quickly take on good firm flesh, increase in weight, and make a remarkable gain in strength, energy and endurance, provided your blood contains sufficient quantity of oxygenated organic iron to enable your body to assimilate your food properly.

Without organic iron rich food and vitamins are absolutely useless as your body cannot change disease inert food.

FREE
\$1.00 COUPON

The coupon, if used within ten days, entitles you to one FREE \$1.00 package of Genuine Yeast Vitamine Tablets, absolutely free with cash back of \$1.00 deducted from your purchase. If your dealer does not have our Vitamine Tablets he can easily obtain them for you from any wholesale house. Cut out this coupon and present it to your dealer today.

FOUR PERSONS KILLED

INDIANAPOLIS, Jan. 24.—Four persons were killed when an Indianapolis and Cincinnati traction train struck an automobile at a crossing here tonight. The dead are: Calvin S. Smith, 36, Neal Trotter, 30, of this city, and John J. Wright, aged 46, of Martinsville, Ind.

Certain Citizens Are Named by Watson

(continued from page 1.) remained in *lux tenebrae* ever since the blanket charge was filed. Watson declined to accede to the request. The commission held an executive session and later returned and made it plain that unless the accusers were named the session would be adjourned.

Attorney then said that he would "withdraw" whereupon Mayor Wooding adjourned the meeting.

The most theatrical moment of the proceedings was when Attorney Watson shook his finger in the face of Sergeant Martin and stated that he believed personally that Martin was guilty.

The hearing opened at 10:25 o'clock and Mayor Wooding, chairman of the police commission, made a brief opening announcement, stating that they were ready for the hearing to begin. Attorney Watson then requested that the subpoena for the witness in the hands of Chief Bell be returned.

Watson then read the names of witnesses he had summoned to appear against Sergeant Martin. They were: R. P. Moss, Chief-of-Police Jay R. Bell, first cousin of Sergeant Martin; Ed Disharoon, W. T. Shelton, Will Moore (colored), Alice Moore (colored), Lonnie Lee (colored), E. T. Gosney, Arch Morgan, Hugh Turner, Hugh Chappel, Chester Touchstone, John Tucker, Henry Millner, Frank Miller, Frank Riley, W. J. Harris, Charles Thomas, E. A. Tucker, Charlie Gray (colored), F. T. Reagan, G. W. Pulliam, Jr., London B. Campbell, Ernest Covington, John Reynolds, Arch Dunn, Sergeant J. L. Edwards, Patrolman W. T. Kessler, Patrolman O. T. Cook and Detective J. N. Campbell.

Counsel for Sergeant Martin then requested that the nature and scope of the enquiry, whether limited or unlimited, specific or general and the period of time the charges cover, also the circumstances be made known. In reply the attorney for the "certain citizens" said that the charges cover a period of several years and allege improper conduct as a police officer. He said that all were general with the exception of one, this specific charge charging Sergeant Martin with collusion with men engaged in the liquor business.

The attorney said "I am here with the evidence and will support the charges made." He declared that the charges were not made by men with animosity against the accused officer, but by citizens of Danville, who have a right to bring any charge against a public officer they see fit. He said that these citizens had concluded that Sergeant Martin had not performed his duties properly as a police officer should and was not qualified and fit for the position.

Attorney Watson then reached an angry mood and declared that he himself was confident that Martin was an improper man for the place he held, at the same time pointing his finger in the officer's face, shouting out to him the convictions of his own mind.

Sergeant Martin looked him square in the eye all the time, wearing a smile on his face and bowed politely when Watson concluded his remarks.

Counsel for the officer then requested that the names of the citizens preferring the charges be made known, whereupon the opposing attorney replied that if any good reason other than curiosity be given, he would disclose the names. Another request was forthcoming from Sergeant Martin's counsel, who recognized the right of any citizen to bring a charge and that it was a question of rights and justice that the accused know who were bringing the charges. The chairman of the commission then announced that in their opinion the names should be divulged and requested that this be done.

Watson in replying, declared that he declined to reveal the names of the citizens, claiming that there was nothing in the law that requires names of men bringing charges to be disclosed. He also said that there were many reasons why he wanted to keep the names secret.

The commission then made another demand that the list of names be divulged, as both they (members of the commission) and the accused were in perfect right to know the party or parties responsible for bringing the charges.

Attorney Watson then declared with finality that he refused to make known the names and announced that he would withdraw from the case. Almost instantly the words, "The court's adjourned," came from Mayor Wooding, chairman of the police commission.

At this unexpected development, a great demonstration was staged and yellings from the hundreds of spectators were sent up. Hats were thrown to the ceiling and a crowd surged forward to grasp the accused officer's hand. As the throng rushed forward in leaving the courtroom, Attorney Watson jumped into his chair and yelled, "Wait a minute, I have changed my mind," waving his hands for the spectators to come back. As soon as quiet again prevailed, he announced that he had decided to disclose the names of the certain citizens, and the courtroom was again silent, with every spectator straining his ears for the following proceedings.

Watson then asked the commission that an adjournment of ten minutes be granted. He announced that if there were any of the citizens in question in the courtroom at the time, who did not wish that their names be divulged to come to his private office or either telephone him. His request was granted and an adjournment of ten minutes was taken.

At one stage of the loud talking and the unnecessary commotion, the mayor announced that if the spectators did not keep quiet he would be forced to adjourn to his private office to continue the hearing. This announcement soon resulted in the courtroom becoming quiet again.

FLOOD IS FALLING

CHATTANOOGA, Jan. 24.—While the Tennessee began falling rapidly here today, the weather observer issued a warning that it would continue to rise at points below Bridgeport, Ala., tonight and Wednesday. A stage of 31 feet had been reported at Guntersville, and 35 feet at Riverton, Ala. The flood here reached a maximum of 35.8 feet.

SOLICITOR KIDNAPPED

FERMONT, Ireland, Jan. 23.—Crown solicitor Carroll was kidnapped this morning by unidentified persons. It is surmised by his friends that the kidnapping was in connection with his duties at the opening of the quarter sessions court set for today.

Dr. C. B. Pritchett left last night for Philadelphia to spend a few days at his wife's bedside. For the past several weeks Mrs. Pritchett has been under treatment at the Methodist hospital. She is now convalescent.

Gossip Is What Ruins Young Girls, Says Judge Lindsey's "Lady Cop"



MISS RUTH VINCENT

BY EDWARD THIERRY

NEW YORK, Jan. 25.—"Gossip ruins more girls' lives than anything else."

That's Miss Ruth Vincent's opinion. She knows for that is her business—helping girls to unravel the tangled skeins of their lives.

She has been called Denver's "Lady Cop." But she is not merely a policewoman. Her title is "Chief Officer for Girls of Denver." Often she is also court judge and jury.

She is young and good-looking and smiles as she talks. She is slim and has a gentle voice. She does not look more than 22 or 23.

"My youth helps me in my work," she said. "Girls who come to court are surprised. They usually say they expected a severe, matronly woman with spectacles and a sharp tongue."

Conditions Worse

"Are conditions worse now than in the past?"

"Undoubtedly worse," Miss Vincent said. "Undoubtedly worse." Miss Vincent said. "The chief reason, I think, is the greater freedom that girls have now."

"The greatest agent of harm is the automobile. Jazz dances? No I don't think jazz dances do so much harm. It is greatly exaggerated."

A prison sentence is the rarest thing Miss Vincent's office deals in.

time." He declared that the provisions requiring a rate from the foreign government approximately equal to that paid by the United States on its own bonds was the only "rational" way to dispose of the question.

"As for the contemplated reduction," Mr. Watson continued, "I have always had such views both as to the interest on our own bonds and on those of the foreign government but I do not know that they are shared by anyone. Why should our government pay 5 per cent, if in 15 years it should decide to fund its bonds and could borrow all of the money it needs at 3 per cent? Where would this government be if the 5 per cent rate were in the law and we reduced our own rate when this government is morally bound to ask no more of the foreign governments than it pays in its own borrowings?"

Identical With Bill Which Was Taken Up Last Summer.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 24.—The question of a bonus for former service men again was formally presented to the Senate today through the introduction by Senator Simmons, Democrat, North Carolina, of the war-adjusted compensation plan as an amendment to the pending measure providing for refunding of the war-time loans to the allied powers.

With the exception of provisions for payment of the bonus, the Simmons amendment is identical with the bonus bill which was taken up in the Senate last summer only to be re-committed to the finance committee after President Harding had addressed the Senate on the subject.

The provisions for payment of the bonus call for the issuance of short-term treasury certificates until interest on the debt can be collected to retire them and, in the use of the principal of the debt, if and when such becomes available, through the issuance and sale of the foreign bonds.

In offering the amendment, Mr. Simmons assured the Senate that he was "in earnest" and declared that he was bringing it up again because former service men deserved the bonus and because the finance committee, of which he is ranking Democrat, had given "serious consideration" to attaching it to the funding bill before the latter was reported to the Senate.

It was said that as a result of informal conference among Democrats, Mr. Simmons will be assured that his colleagues would support his efforts to have the amendment attached to the funding measure.

Senator Walsh, Democrat, Massachusetts, also submitted an amendment to the bill, stipulating that any agreement resulting from negotiations between the proposed commission for funding the debt and the foreign representatives should not be binding on the American government until the consent of the Senate had been obtained. Such provisions previously were pressed before the finance committee but were not accepted, it was said, because of objections of the treasury.

Mr. Simmons in the course of his speech declared that when the Senate committee agreed to strike out the provision for a flat 5 per cent interest rate, he did not think the way open for the international speculators to gather the fruit. The Republican majority on the committee, in his opinion, he did not intend to demand of the foreign governments in the future.

Senator Walsh, Democrat, Indiana, interrupted Mr. Simmons to say that a majority of the members of his party flat rate is too low, and insisted inasmuch as it is a "red herring" that Mr. Simmons' "other" provisions which limit government interest rates on the loans up to the

maximum of 5 per cent.

Mr. James is an alumnus of Randolph-Macon, and during his visit to the College, he was the guest of a former classmate, Dr. E. L. Fox, head of the department of history and political science.

TOBACCO FACTORY BURNS

RICHMOND, Jan. 24.—The four-story brick factory of the J. A. Dart Tobacco Company was totally destroyed by fire tonight, entailing damage estimated at \$150,000. Several thousand operatives, most of whom are women and girls, are thrown out of employment.

Women are not permitted admission to the factory bourse.

Congress Studies Mellon's Ideas

Bonus Question and How to Raise the Money Absorbs National Legislators.

(By The Associated Press.)

WASHINGTON, Jan. 25.—Congressional leaders are studying Treasury-Secretary Mellon's reasons for opposing the soldiers' bonus which administration plans to put through. Secretary Mellon said in a communication to the Congressional Committee that any bonus must come from additional taxation.

COLDEST NIGHT EXPERIENCED
Last night was the coldest experienced in Danville this winter. Thermometers before daybreak were registering 15 degrees, although there was a rise in temperature to 18 degrees early in the morning.

WEATHER FORECAST
For Virginia: Fair in north and cloudy in south Virginia in south portion tonight and Thursday, rising temperature Thursday and in northwest portion tonight.

A guaranteed relief for that cough. PADUCCO, our petroleum emulsion with creosote. At Patterson's. 1-1728.

Will Investigate

Farmers Needs

WASHINGTON, Jan. 24.—Senator Smith, of South Carolina, and Rep. Haugen, of Iowa, are scheduled to leave tomorrow for Atlanta, where they will hold hearings Friday and Saturday on the question of the agricultural needs of the South. The hearings are in connection with the work of the joint congressional commission on short-time rural credits, created by Congress two years ago.

Mr. Haugen is vice chairman of the joint commission by virtue of his chairmanship of the House agricultural committee, and Mr. Smith was designated by the Senate agricultural committee today as the Senate representative to make the investigation in the South.

Turkey has a government agricultural bank with a capital of nearly \$15,000,000.



Be Comfortable,
Stop Eczema Torture Now
With Zemo

Thousands of Eczema sufferers have found welcome relief from their burning torture in Zemo, the antiseptic liquid treatment for all skin afflictions. Zemo relieves Tetter and rashes, eliminates pimples and blackheads, keeps the skin clear and smooth. All Druggists'.

zemo
FOR SKIN IRRITATIONS

These Frosty Mornings

A STEAMING cup of good old "Queen's Blend" Coffee will give you real warmth and comfort—it will send the red blood tingling through your veins and start you off to your work in the highest spirits. It gets you "set" for the day's work ahead and summons vim and vigor to carry you through the day.

Begin tomorrow morning by serving this delightful, stimulating, breakfast beverage. You'll note the difference with your first taste.

"Your Grocer
has it"

Queen's Blend
Blended to a Queen's Taste

The JAMES G. GILL CO.
NORFOLK, VIRGINIA

Truth is Mighty and Shall Prevail

The universal popularity of *Studebaker Cars* is attested by the fact that the corporation enjoyed the biggest business in its history in the year of 1921.

The sales of *Studebaker Cars* were 29% greater than in 1920, notwithstanding the fact that the total number of cars sold of all other makes (except Ford) was 40% less than in 1920. Stated otherwise, *Studebaker's* ratio of sales was 129 and the total of other makes 60, as compared with 1920.

The number of *Studebaker Cars* sold in the year of 1921 in both Greater New York and in the Metropolitan District exceeded the sales of any other make except Ford.

Studebaker is the world's largest producer of six-cylinder cars.

The only possible explanation of the popularity of *Studebaker Cars* lies in their quality, durability and dependable performance in users' hands. Proof that the cars stand up in service with minimum repairs is evidenced by the fact that our sales of *Repair Parts* in 1921 were 12% less than they were in 1919, notwithstanding that 118,000 new cars were sold and put in operation in 1920 and 1921. Based on the total estimated number of *Studebaker Cars* in operation in 1921, we sold \$16.00 worth of parts per car for repairs from all causes, including accidents.

The materials and workmanship in *Studebaker Cars* measure up to the highest standards known to the automobile industry. Substantially better intrinsic values cannot be obtained at any price. The theory that high prices necessarily mean fine cars is fallacious, simply because prices are not based upon intrinsic values but upon production costs of individual makers, which vary widely according to their ability and manufacturing facilities. Obviously, high costs of production, inevitably arising from incompetence or inadequate manufacturing facilities, mean not only high prices but actually inferior cars.

With \$70,000,000 of actual net assets including \$36,000,000 of plant facilities, *Studebaker* stands unsurpassed in ability and resources to manufacture economically and give the greatest intrinsic value possible for a given price.

The *Studebaker Corporation of America*

Wilson-Meade Motor Co.

"Six Cylinder Garage."

542 Craghead St. Phone 106

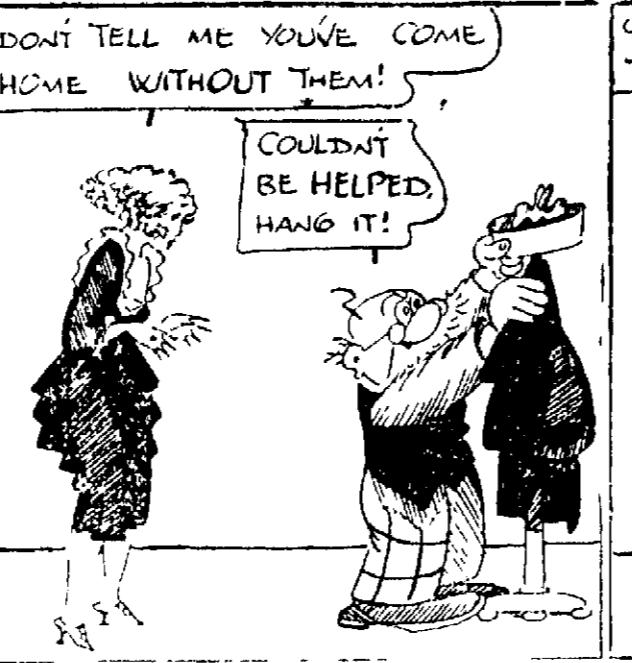
MODELS AND PRICES

F. O. B. Factories

LIGHT-SIX	SPECIAL-SIX	BIG-SIX
S-Pass., 112 W. B., 40 H. P.	S-Pass., 119 W. B., 50 H. P.	7-Pass., 126 W. B., 60 H. P.
Chassis..... \$ 875	Chassis..... \$1200	Chassis..... \$1500
Touring..... 1045	Touring..... 1475	Touring..... 1785
Roadster (3-Pass.) 1045	Roadster (2-Pass.) 1425	Coupe (4-Pass.) 2500
Coupe-Roadster (2-Pass.) 1375	Roadster (4-Pass.) 1475	Sedan..... 2700
Sedan..... 1750	Coupe (4-Pass.) 2150	
	Sedan..... 2350	

**POLLY
AND HER
PALS**

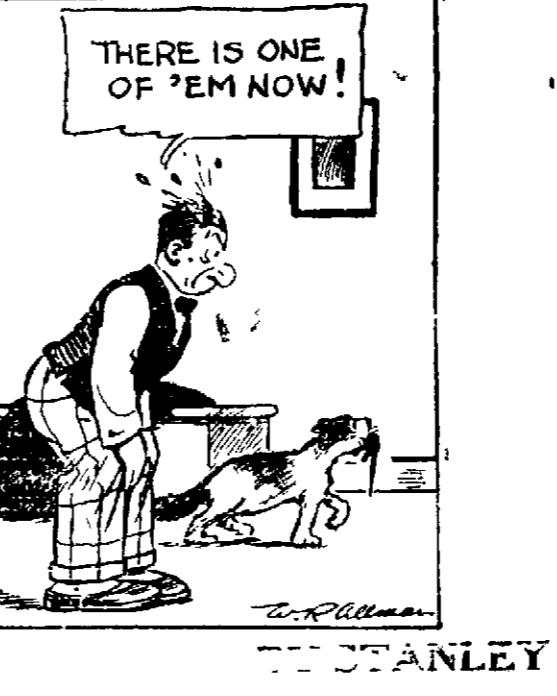
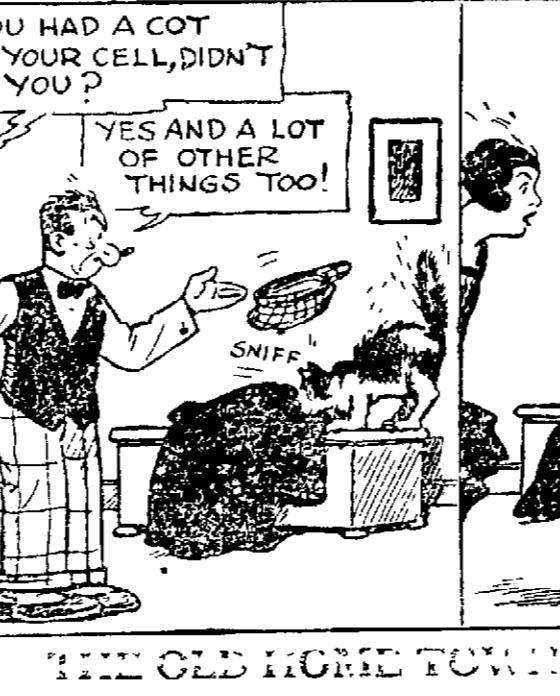
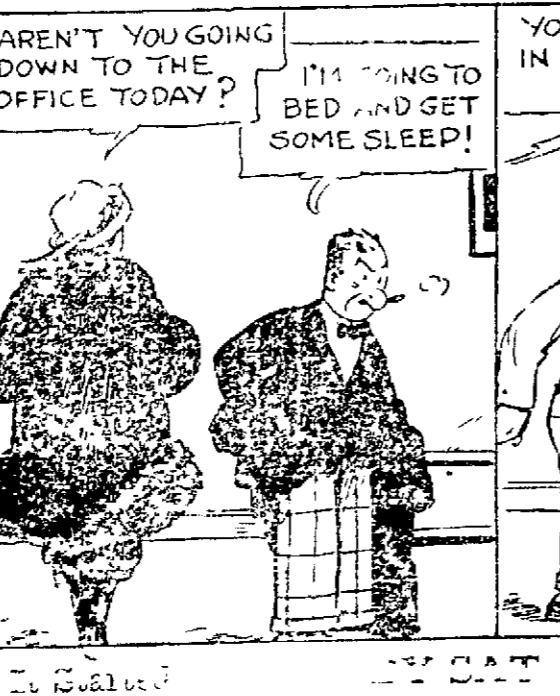
Pa Couldn't
Find a Fit
for Ma's
Curves



**SUNDAY
REGISTER**
A FULL PAGE OF
Bringing Up Father
Polly and Her Pals
Katzenjammer Kids
Down on the Farm
—O—
DAILY REGISTER
Mutt and Jeff
Jiggs and Maggie

By Sterret!

DOINGS OF THE DUFFS



Reminders of His Night In

BY ALLMAN

THE NUT BROTHERS

(CHES AND WAL)

THE DUFFS

HOW IT IS

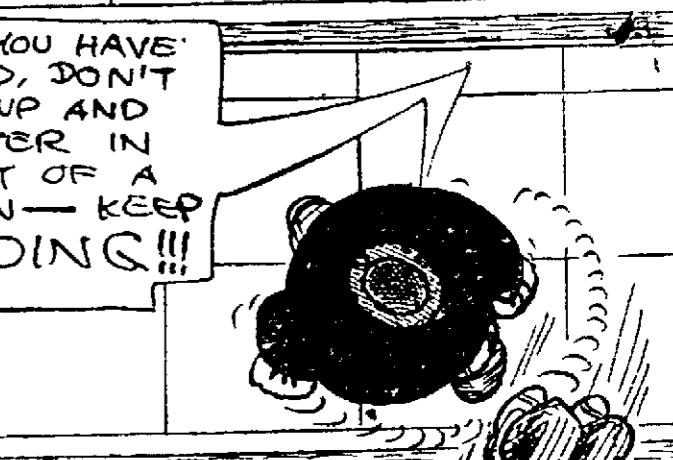
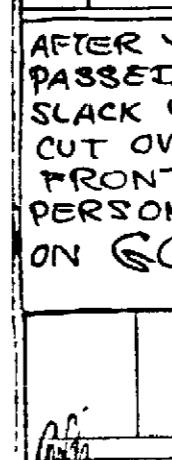
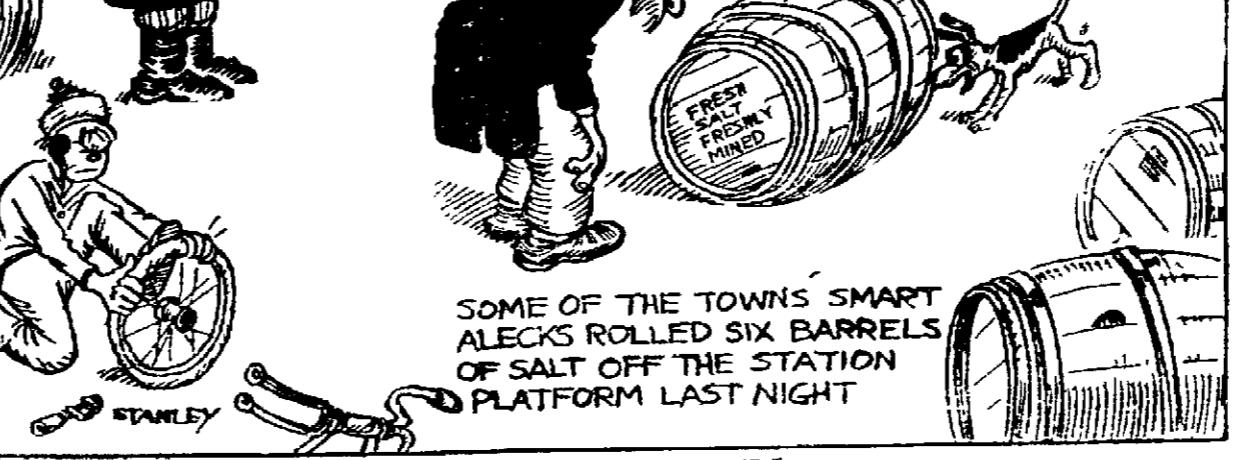
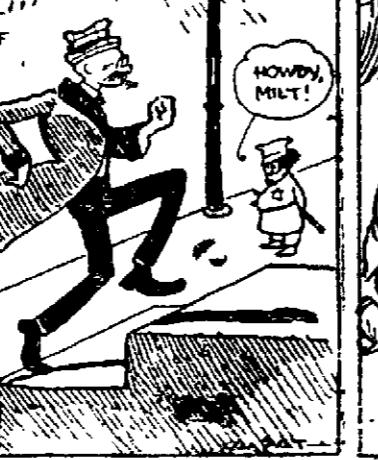
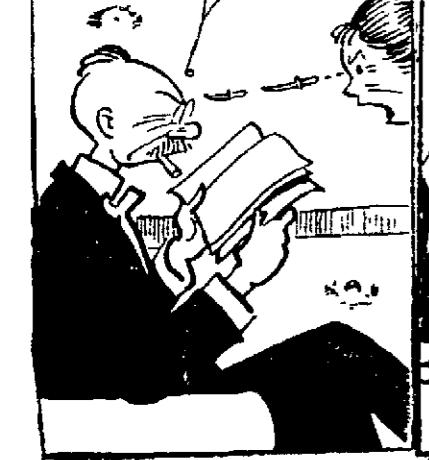
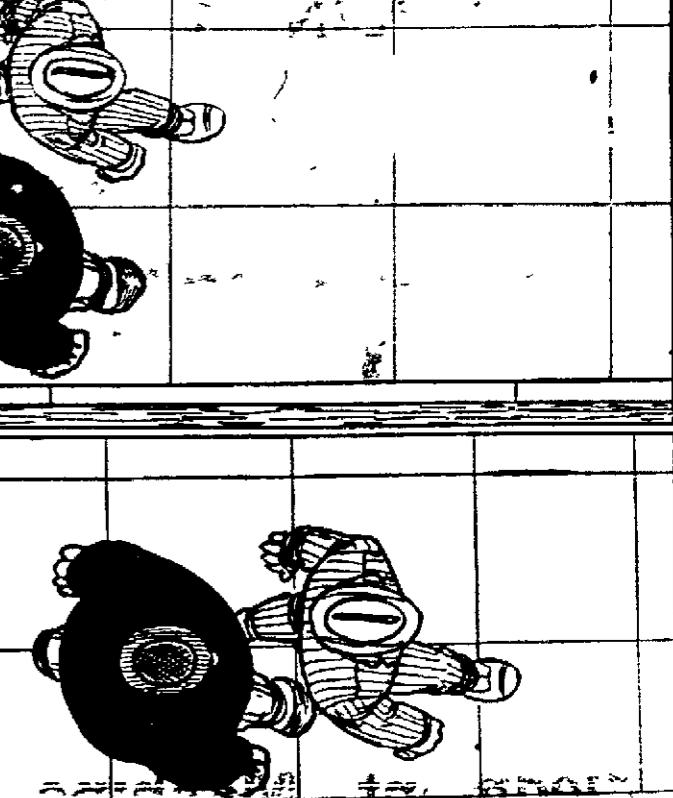
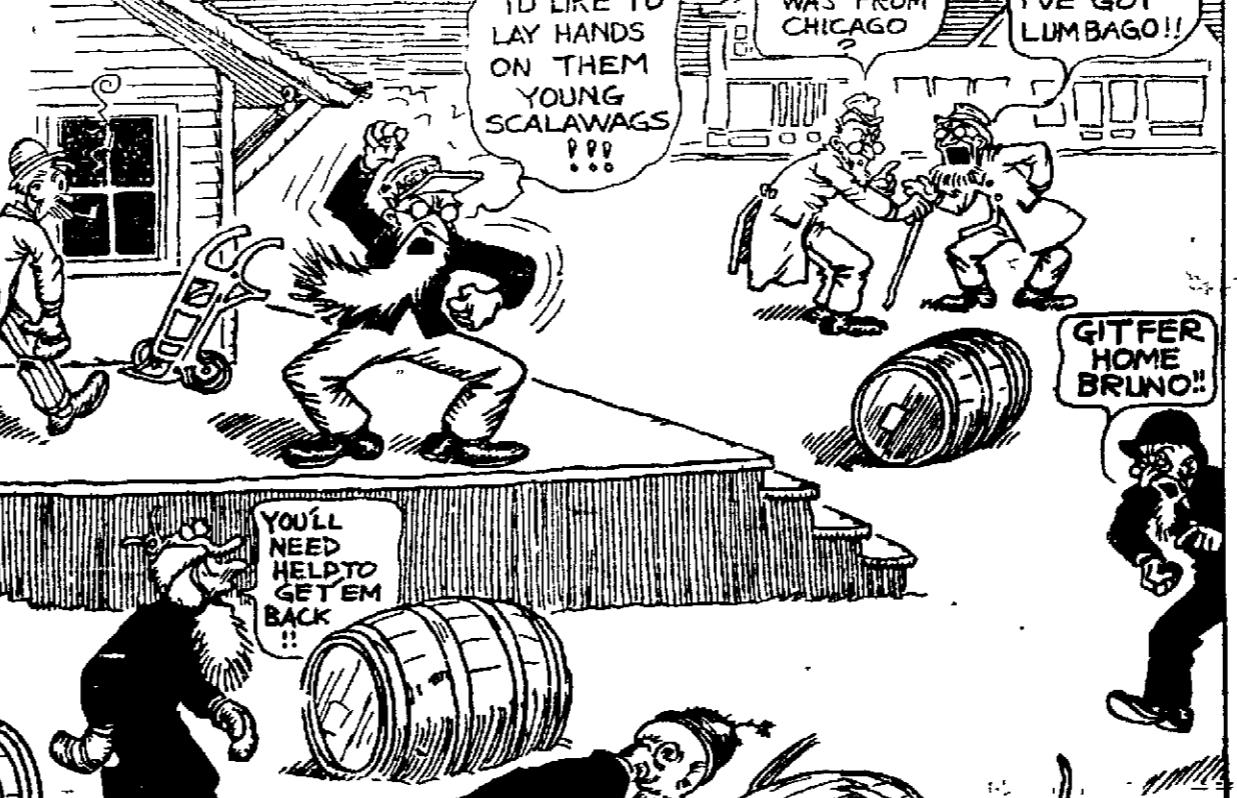
BY SAT

THE OLD HOME TOWN

BY STANLEY

EVERETT TRUE

BY CONDO



THE AFFAIRS OF JANE

She'll

hem

BY TOWN

SALES

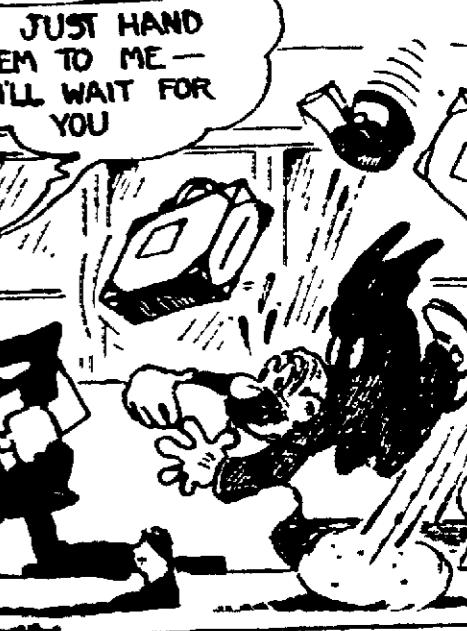


ALL RIGHT—WHAT SHALL WE DO WITH YOUR SUIT-CASES?

FRECKLES AND HIS FRIENDS

Mislike Somewhere

BY BLOSSER



WHO SHALL WE GIVE 'EM TO?

JUST HAND 'EM TO ME—

ILL WAIT FOR YOU

ANSWER DEPT

NEXT CASE

WHEN WERE YOU BORN?

WHY CAN'TCHA HEAR ME?

WHAT DO YOU CARE?

YOU AINT GONNA GIVE ME ANYTHING

—THE DUMMIES

INSURANCE THAT INSURES!

Waddill Holland Co., Inc., Daaville, Va.
Gentlemen: I wish to thank you for your prompt attention to the settlement of the fire insurance covering my building. The fire occurred on Wednesday the 18th inst., and the insurance covering my loss was adjusted to my entire satisfaction the following day.
Yours very truly,
DR. E. H. MILLER.

Waddill - Holland Co.
Phone 63
Hotel Burton Corner.

THE GLOBE
204 N. UNION ST.

Men's All Wool Blue
Serge Suits
formerly sold at \$20
to \$25.00 now
\$12.98

THE GLOBE
204 N. UNION ST.

COLONIAL
 GARAGE

Service on Trucks and Cars is
Good Service by the Best Skill-
ed Experienced Mechanics.

Colonial Garage
N. Market St.
Phone 1626

SMOKE THE NEW
Coronation Cigar
ASK YOUR DEALER
2 FOR 15c

Mr. Cigar Smoker: Call for an
H. & H. HAND MADE

A wonderful cigar for 5c—You will be surprised with the splendid
quality of H. & H. Hand Made Smokers.

If your favorite dealer does not carry them notify us. We will give
him a chance to stock them.

HAMLIN & HAMLIN

Phone 528 Distributors 318 Patton St.

We Know How



**THE WAY TO REPAIR
AN ENGINE**

and make it give as good service as it formerly did, is to have it welded in the broken or defective parts by us. We have brought our welding process to such perfection that anything in metal can be restored to its original strength.

Piedmont Machine Works

Adjusting Stock For
Sale of Goods

Saturday, January
28th

**Benefield-Motley
Co.**

Corner Main & Craghead St.

REPUBLIC
NEW TRUCK PRICES
Lowest in America

Lowest Price in every Capacity;
Greatest Value in Every Class;
Lowest Cost in every Ton Mile.



THE MOTOR CO.
PATTON STREET

Republic has more trucks on sale than any other exclusive truck manufacturer

Today's Fashion Hints



Large Hats the Vogue

BY MARIAN HALE

NEW YORK, Jan. 24.—Hats are large! There's no denying that. Lady's tendency, when she dresses for afternoon or evening, is toward the large hat. This French design, which

trails a handsome feather at the side, is of lightweight silk velvet suited especially for between-season wear.

The wide brim droops becomingly over the face. The crown is large and soft.

ORDER PUBLICATION

Issued by order of the Clerk of the Corporation Court of Danville, entered on the 10th day of January, 1922, VIRGINIA:

In the Clerk's Office of the Corporation Court of Danville on the 10th day of January, 1922.

Lizzie Richardson Plaintiff Against:

James Richardson Defendant IN CHANCERY

The object of this suit is to obtain from the said Court a decree of divorce in the plaintiff, Lizzie Richardson, a vicinu in matrimonii from the said defendant, James Richardson, upon the grounds of abandonment and desertion.

And an affidavit having been made and duly filed that the said defendant, James Richardson, is a non-resident of the State of Virginia, it is therefore ordered that he do appear here within ten days after due publication of this order once a week for four successive weeks in The Eagle, a newspaper published in the City of Danville, Virginia, and do what is necessary to protect his interest in this suit.

Copy—Teste:
J. C. Carter, F. C.
JNO. R. COOK, clerk.

O'Dell Auto Top & Paint Co.
Automobile Painting, Trimming,
Upholstering, Seat Covers, General
Top and Body Equipment.
Phone 2202 Eelkland Garage

**HAYS TO SMEAR PURITY ALL
OVER NAUGHTY MOVIES**

WASHINGTON, Jan. 23.—A genuine "spring cleaning to purge motion pictures of all semblance of salaciousness was promised today by Will H. Hays who leaves the cabinet March

SAVE MONEY ON LUMBER

Buy From Us
We sell all good grades of Lumber,
Windows, Doors, etc. Red Cedar Shingles
Write for our prices before you buy.

BRYANT-SHREVE LUMBER CO.

DRY FORK, VA.

GUNSIGHT PASS

by
**WILLIAM
MACLEOD
RAINE**



Don't Miss a Single Installment of

"GUNSIGHT PASS"

By William MacLeod Raine

Author of "The Yukon Trail," "The Big-Town Round-Up," etc.

It Begins In

The Bee, Monday, January 30

Want Ads

FOR LIGHT-ROOMS

NICE STEAM HEATED ROOM for rentable per business district. Phone 3365. R&R

FOR RENT—TWO ROOMS FOR light house-keeping. Near car line. Phone 2017. B&R

ATTRACTIVELY FURNISHED 6-room apartment with every convenience. Main St. Phone 1126. W. Cr. 181. B&R

LOST—ON STAIRWAY TO DR. J. L. Jennings' office, large bunch of keys. Finder return Dr. J. L. Jennings' office. Reward. B&R

FOR RENT—1 UNFURNISHED ROOMS, 147 Wilson St. B&R

FOR RENT—ONE FURNISHED ROOM. Gentleman only; J-339. E. Sticks St. 1-15B2t. B&R

FOR RENT—ROOMS FOR LIGHT housekeeping. Apply 641 Jefferson St. 1-24B2t. B&R

THREE UNFURNISHED ROOMS, lights, gas and bath. Couple with out children preferred. Mrs. W. T. Rock, 126 E. Thomas St. 1-22 R1 B3t. B&R

TWO OR THREE UNFURNISHED rooms for rent. Possession can be had after the first of Feb. Phone 1383-J. or call at 234 Gray St. 1-22 R1 B3t. B&R

FOR RENT—STEAM-HEATED rooms, with hot and cold water. Use of bath; third floor. Rate \$10.00 month, single. Hotel Pittsylvania. 1-21B&R3t. B&R

HELP WANTED

SALESGIRLS OVER SIXTEEN wanted for Saturday. J. G. McCrory Co.

WANTED—SALESMAN WITH car to travel twelve counties. Good reputation to right party. Apply room 18 Francisco Bldg.

WANTED—RENTER OR SHARE holder to work a good farm. Fine tobacco and grain land. Crop of wheat sown on good land, will give half to cropper. Good team and tools. R. Covington, Ringgold, Va.

Temporary Pope 1-24R 3t. B2t. B&R

WANTED—YOUNG MAN OR boy, not under 18, to work at soda fountain. Booth's Drug Store. 1-19R&Rtst. Bwf.

WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS

STUDENT WANTS STENOGRAPHIC work for half or part of day. Address Stenographer, care Register. 1-25B2t. B&R

WANTED—TO RENT TWO OR three rooms for light housekeeping. Phone 2157. 1-25B3t. B&R

WANTED TO BUY—Clean, white rags. Register Pub. Co.

LOST AND FOUND

STRAYED—FROM PRODUCERS W. H. this morning, (Jan. 25th) two black horses, one with white face and the other with scar on forehead. Finder notify Producers Warehouse. Reward.

LOST—SETTER DOG, BLACK ear, black and spotted body, slight limp in hind leg. Reward if returned to Dr. W. E. Jennings. 1-23B4t.

LOST—SETTER DOG, BLACK, spotted body, slight limp in hind leg. Answers to name of "Spot." Reward if returned to Dr. W. E. Jennings. 1-25B2t.

FOR RENT—HOUSES

LAW OFFICE OF W. H. ROGERS located temporarily at Keeling Bros. corner of Main and Union streets. 1-22 R sun Tues Thurs B mon wed fri. 1-24B&Rtst. B&R

SIX ROOM HOUSE WITH SMALL farm. Three-quarters of a mile from Danville. Phone 181. 1-26B2t

FOR SALE—HOUSES

FOR SALE—5-ROOM DWELLING and 2 adjoining vacant lots. Girard street for sale. Phone 238-J. 1-24B3t.

SEVERAL SMALL DESIRABLE homes for sale on easy terms. Ramey & Ashworth, Inc. 1-24B&Rtst. B&R

FOR SALE—NEW 5-ROOM house, 2 lots 1/2 mile below Stokesland on Greensboro highway. Price \$1,650.00. See W. C. Swift, at place for sale. 1-23B6t.

POSITIONS WANTED

WANTED—POSITION AS FIREMAN or night watchman. 311 Henry St. 1-24B2t.

NOTICE:

We have just received a lot of dry oak and pine wood, \$2.00 per car, all loads. \$4.00 for two-horse load. Give us a trial. Satisfied customers is our motto. Call 620-J.

PINE AND OAK WOOD CO. 1-25B4t. 613 Upper St.

Always Ready

It's a safe feeling to be able to reach into the drawer and pick up clean linens when you want them. Saves embarrassment and awkward explanations in an emergency. Just turn over your laundry to us each week and you are sure to be well supplied at all times. We make regular calls and deliveries all over town. Our beautiful snow-white linens will prove a delight. Join the long list of pleased customers this week. The Star Laundry, phone for the wagon—No. 85—adv.

STOCKYARDERS MEETING

The annual meeting of stockholders of the Riverside and Dan River Cotton Mills, Inc., will be held in the office of the company at Schoolfield Pittsylvania County, Virginia, on Thursday, January 28, 1922, at noon, for the purpose of receiving reports from and electing a board of directors, and transacting such other business as may come before said meeting.

W. W. AYRES, Secretary. 1-21B&Rtst. B&R

AUCTION SALE—STORE AND dwelling, next Saturday, 4 p. m., corner Holbrook avenue and Lee street, Patton, Tenn. W. H. phone 502.

SAFETY FIRST—NEW AND SEC-

ond hand iron safes for sale. See H. J. Rogers, Main and W. H. phone 12-11B&Rtst. B&R

FOR SALE—LUMBER—FRAMING, Tiling, ceiling, siding, car bed, cedar shingles. Adams Lumber Co. just across from Danville Valley Mills. 1-19B2t.

FOR SALE—DIRECT ACTION car wash, also over for all store. Party laundry town, 146 Holbrook St., one block from West End. 1-25B2t.

FOR SALE—OLD PA-

pers for wrapping purposes

Cheap. Register Pub. Co.

1-16B&Rtst.

AUCTION SALES

WE WILL SELL AT PUBLIC AU-

CTION next Saturday, January 28 at 3

o'clock, 1 Cadillac Eight automobile,

in good mechanical condition, to satisfy a balance due on same. Terms, cash.

Wyatt-Payne Motor Co.

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Want Ads for The Bee must be handed in by 11:30 day of insertion.

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Spanish Mackerel, Perch, Croakers and all kinds of seafood and those big, fat, oysters can't be beat. W. H. Hall Seafood Market, City Market. Phone 468.

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Week a Special Price on Coats. These
Coats are Divided into Two Lots
Lot No. 1 Coats ranging in price from \$12.50
to be sold at \$22.50
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60c F. & F. P. I. I. I. I.	50c
\$1.00 W. & C. C. C. C. C.	75c
35c S. & S. I.	27c
\$1.15 S. & S. R.	98c
\$1.25 C. & C. C. C. C.	1.05
\$1.20 V. & V. C. C. C. C.	98c
50c H. & H. C. C. C. C. C.	43c
25c F. & F. C. C. C. C.	27c
60c P. & P. C. C. C. C. C.	43c
60c P. & P. C. C. C. C. C.	43c

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Over the
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Danville, Va.

Camp School For
Disabled Failure

BY HARRY HUNT

CINCINNATI, O., Jan. 27.—If you were to take in the World war, you had put in weeks and months in intensive training at one of Uncle Sam's great army camps with its ramshackle temporary buildings, living and eating and sleeping in barracks cut off from the normal contacts of civilian life.

If in the fighting you received an injury or contracted an ailment that made you unfit for duty, the government offers to provide vocational training as far as your rehabilitation is concerned.

And if when you came to get your training you learned that you must return to one of the old army camps, now more dilapidated and depriving than before, you never again make friends and friends cut you off once more from touch with the currents of normal life, live again in barracks and contacts limited to those with other men wounded or disabled through their war service.

Would you feel enthusiasm at the prospect? Would you rush to grab

On would you feel that with all the opportunities for vocational education in civil institutions throughout the country, or of training that could be had in specialized shops and factories where you could feel yourself a part of the civil community where social and friendly contacts could be maintained? You were being unfairly pitied unjustly treated and your opportunities for both education and growth rigidly restricted?

The disabled men themselves according to Judge Robert S. Marx, national commander of the Disabled American Veterans of the World war, are against segregation in special government vocational training schools such as that being tried out at Camp Sherman.

The most vital thing about the rehabilitation of the disabled veteran is his own "morale," says Judge Marx. "Unless the disabled man himself is inspired with the will to work all the millions spent on training and compensation will be spent in vain."

The government schools of the Camp Sherman type strike at the whole morale and spirit of the disabled man.

The inspiration of the disabled man comes from his contact with the community of which he is a part and in which he lives. It comes from rubbing elbows with normal men and women around him who are making good.

Becomes Helpless
"After a man has been disabled by the government and educated by the government and given clothes have been furnished by the government and amputations provided by the government—when he comes out of such an institution he will be as helpless and dependent as an inmate of an old soldiers' home."

The army's cantonment plan of training will in the dependent citizens not independent citizens.

It will encourage men to live by reason of their disabilities instead of by their abilities.

"It is the complete reverse of what vocational training and rehabilitation should be."

The majority of our educational institutions, the disabled man is a very small part of the student body. He associates with able-bodied men and learns not to talk about his ailments.

In the proposed government schools for disabled men only the men will naturally fall into the state of mind of the average hospital patient. The whole psychology of the training center is certain to be depressing instead of cheering.

Not only from the man's own standpoint, however, does any protest development of these schools by the government. The cost he maintains would be far greater than the cost of educating the men in recognized trade schools or by placement in approved shops and factories.

So effectively has Marx made his fight against expansion of the Camp Sherman type of school, at least until with a limited number of students that the Veterans' bureau may find the appropriations committee blocking its present program of rapid expansion.

However, it is known that powerful influences inside the administration are to be found, at least to the maximum development of the Camp Sherman project. Some assert this is because Sherman is an Ohio camp and Ohio is powerfully represented in the administration. This, however, is not likely to be a controlling factor when the issue finally gets before Congress for a showdown as it will in the consideration of the new appropriations bill.

Dean Rapo, Sherman Plan.
Professor Arthur Dean, who originally was asked to retain as assistant director of the Veterans' bureau in charge of the rehabilitation school at Camp Sherman, after a disagreement with Colonel G. R. Forbes, director, has the right to say about rehabilitation plans as they are carried out in the Camp Sherman type of school.

Dean is absolutely opposed to the idea of using abandoned cantonments for training of disabled soldiers.

The disabled man wants to go into vocational schools.

As far as possible men should remain in their communities, therefore, if possible, in communities where there is a demand for their services.

It is the opinion of the administration that the best way to help the disabled man is to give him the opportunity of a

new life in the community of which he is a part.

After reading the Veterans' Bureau's report on the proposed Camp Sherman

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